



Down On The Farm

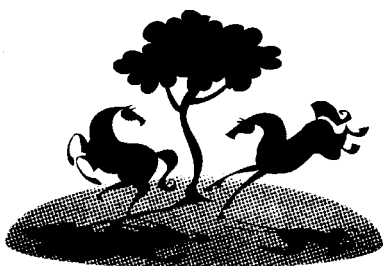
Shelby Farms Equestrian Alliance Newsletter

April, May, June, 2009

MONTHLY PARC MEETING

by Rick Richardson

May 21 2009, the Park had its monthly PARC meeting and announced that they were starting preliminary measures to start a bridge that will cross the Wolf River just east of Walnut Grove. This will require them to bring a bulldozer onto the yellow trail to do testing for the base of the bridge. The company that is doing the work will do this with the minimal amount of disturbance to the area. In addition to the bridge project the park announced that the Mid-South Trails Association has started a bike patrol in the park. They have set up a training program and already have about 5 people participating in the program, and all of them will be trained in CPR and first aid. You will recognize the patrol by a red shirt with a white cross on the back similar to a ski patrol logo. We have been requested to put together a similar program with horses, if interested in becoming a mounted patrol person at Shelby Farms please contact Rick Richardson at 901-262-4202 or e-mail me at Rangerrick76@hotmail.com. The park is looking into providing the CPR and first aid training, all of the park staff will be taking this training which will be taught by the fire department. The park also reported that the sheriff's department has taken a more proactive roll in the park and have set up several speed traps in the park to try and curtail speeding and have been very successful. Starry Nites will be coming back this year with all new light displays all with LED lights and will run for several weeks, they are also planning to have special nights for different groups which would be open only to those groups on those nights, one of those nights will be user group nights and not be open to the public but only to the users of the park. For futher information about Starry Nites contact Shelby Farms.



A CONVERSATION ABOUT FERTILIZER...

If you have horses and you own your own place you know how important fertilizer is and how impossible it is to get really good information about what you need to use. You go to forage seminars and you get your soil tested but when it comes down to it you are still confused as to exactly what you need on your five or ten or twenty acres of pasture that your five horses are contentedly chomping on.

You need lime because if you have acid soil your grass will not flourish but too much and it won't flourish either. Yes, you need nitrogen, phosphate and potash and your soil sample will tell you just how many pounds per acre you need. Unfortunately contrary to what you hear at forage seminars buying what you need at your local feed store is not that easy. They carry bags of triple 13 (13x13x13) or triple fifteen (15x15x15) or nitrogen (24x0x0) or Ammonium Nitrate (34x0x0) then there is 6x12x12 or 0x0x26. What they don't sell is what your soil sample says you need 60-180x60x80 (that's 60-180 lbs/acre x 60 lbs/acre x 80 lbs/acre). Now remember that the first number is the nitrogen and the second is the phosphate and the third is the potash. So it all just doesn't work out right does it.

So you go to your local Coop or fertilizer company and they are more than happy to sell you some fertilizer but either in bags of, you got it, 13x13x13 or in custom mixed buggies of not less than two tons. Course the buggies don't have hitches but pins and can only be driven down the highway at 25 miles an hour and if they get to fish-tailing well your truck and you are in for a wild ride. But what about the fertilizer company delivering it you say? Okay, that will be minimum of 7 to 8 tons. Need that much for your five acres? Oh, and if it is small pastures and hilly or rough, well, they'd just rather not go to the trouble.

As to lime, yep, you can get it in bags from your feed store or in bulk from your local limestone dealer. The dealer out on President's Island and the one on Hwy. 57 outside of Rossville but you have to have a dump truck deliver it and a front end loader to load it into your

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BLOWING IN THE WIND

The Earth Day extravaganza at Shelby Farms had a damp beginning as volunteers spent Friday trying to get the round pen set up and then Sat. morning tramping through the puddles to get the table and materials and canopy up before the crowds started to arrive. Amigo, Rick Richardson horse, took it all in stride and just munched clover while the volunteers set up the booth.

Crowds of people attended considering the iffy weather and lots of kids got to watch as Rick put Amigo through his Pat Parelli routine. Our thanks to both Rick and Amigo as well as Ron and Brynda Read, Wes Mueller, Alma Hughes and Peggy Hart.

At three o'clock, however, the good times were over and the storms came back with a flourish taking with them our new canopy. Our thanks to Brynda for finding it and purchasing it for us but looks like she will have to do it again next year. Ours was not the only canopy to bite the dust as the storm blew in so quickly people were unable to get their booths cleared away before it hit.

We look forward to next year's Earth Day and hopefully better weather.

WELCOME TO OUR NEW MEMBERS

Please Welcome Our **NEW MEMBERS** for 3/11/2009...6/1/2009

FAMILY

Roman Gallo

PATRON

Marcie Smith

The following folks renewed their SFEA membership:

INDIVIDUAL

Nancy & Tom Brannon

Kathy Daniels

Kim Fike

Pauline Garner

Susie Logan

Shirley Osborne

Hedda Schwartz

FAMILY

Melissa Benson

Laura "Jane" Crane

Cornelia Hasen

William Lackey

Linda Morrow

Shade Robinson

Paul & Marjorie Simmers

SUPPORTER

Lou French

Larry Jones

Marsha Silverstein

PATRON

Karen Parker

If you do not see your name on the list and paid between the dates shown, contact Jerry Rhodes, Membership@SFEAonline.org



You may have noticed that the issues of "Down On The Farm" have advertisements in them. These advertisers have many places to spend their advertising dollars, yet they chose to support the Alliance and advertise in our newsletter. Let's thank them for their support by patronizing them. If you are looking for a product, try one of our advertisers first.

This month's advertisers are:

Akin Equine Veterinary Services p8
 Creek View Farm p4
 Hall's Feed p8
 Hedda Schwartz p3
 Norman & Jennings Realty p4

Down On The Farm, the official publication of the Shelby Farms Equestrian Alliance (SFEA), is published quarterly and sent to all current SFEA members.

Ads and articles are due by the 15th of the third month of each quarter.

SFEA is a nonprofit 501 (c)(3) organization dedicated to improving and promoting Shelby Farms and the Mid-South for all disciplines of equestrian sports.

To contact SFEA, (662) 851-7122 or write to SFEA, PO Box 423, Collierville, TN 38027-0423

<i>President</i>	<i>Treasurer</i>
Rick Richardson	Wesley Mueller
<i>Vice-President</i>	<i>Newsletter Editor</i>
	Jerry Rhodes

Secretary
 Peggy C Hart

JONES POND BRIDGE

Hard work is never enjoyed by the workers, but the outcome of the hard work the Alliance did at Shelby Farms will be enjoyed by hundreds of park users for years to come. Jones Pond is the small pond directly next to the Visitors Center at the park. A bridge crosses a ditch on the north side of the pond. During the endurance ride of 2008 Terry Silver and the ride staff realized that this bridge was in bad shape. Terry spoke to the Alliance Board about trying to get this fixed for future endurance rides and also for other park users. She has even put in for an American Endurance Riders Conference grant to help recoup the cost of the repairs. We are waiting to hear from that request,

On Feb 14, 2009, the Alliance, with the help of some strapping high school students, dismantled the existing bridge and found that whoever had originally built it had not done it properly and that erosion was causing the bridge to collapse on one side. Rick Richardson



was made Team Leader because of his extensive experience in building headers and bridges while working for Lubininc at St. Katherines State Park in Arkansas.

On March 14, 2009, members of the Alliance and the Pay It Forward Tour 2009, composed of college students travelling to 130 communities during spring break, and contributing 15,000 hours of service or 7 years of work for one full-time person, began the job of putting in headers to support the bridge on both sides. Finally on April 11, 2009 the decking for the bridge was laid with the help of volunteers and Community Service Workers.

Now we have a bridge you could drive a truck over.

Robert Mayer, Operations Manager of Shelby Farms Park Conservancy, phoned our President, Rick Richardson and left the following message on his voice mail, "The bridge is outstanding! I was surprised at the craftsmanship of the bridge and its as solid as it could possibly be."

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spreader. Oh, and you have to have a spreader too. And since you can't use your front end loader to load your spreader since they are on the opposite ends of your tractor you are going to need another tractor. Aaargh!!!!

So let's talk reality here. In a recent conversation while sitting up front in his rocking chairs Jimmy Thompson with Hall's Feed told me he had asked around about fertilizer and lime for years and had come to the conclusion that what an Extension Service Agent once told him is about the best advise he has gotten on fertilizer, "300 pounds of triple 13 and 400 lbs of lime per acre every other year." Because that is what you can get easily, it will do the job, and you can quit worrying about fertilizer. Jimmy admits if you have lots of clover you can cut the fertilizer in half. Shoot you can cut it in half anyway if times are tight. Grass is going to grow. As to lime if you have a good layer of topsoil and your place hasn't had the topsoil stripped off when they built the house and barn then you might not need that. But that soil sample as Becky Muller of the Shelby County Extension Service told me is the only way for you to know if you do need lime and it gives you a base to start from.

So let's do this by the steps. 1. Do spend the \$7.00 to get a soil sample through the Extension Service. 2. If you want lots of leafy grass then the nitrogen aspect is what makes the leaves and you want to put some down in the spring and again in the fall if you have the money.

Split the 300 pounds up into two applications or better yet apply nitrogen in the spring and then nitrogen, phosphate and potash in the fall. The phosphate and potash build strong roots during the winter when the leaves are dormant and next spring your grass will be stronger and able to withstand more stress. Keep your pastures rotated and don't let the horses eat them down to dirt during the summer or you will have lovely wildflowers other people call weeds. Clip it high to kill the weeds and shade the grass roots especially during really hot spells and your pastures benefit from being clipped before they seed out.



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For those you with several horses and only 5 acres, accept the fact that even though they say a horse needs one and a half acres to live on in reality that means one and a half acres of eatable grass it does not include the areas they poop in, trample down to dirt, or areas under trees where grass won't grow well. So you may end up having to feed hay most of the year. If you can split your land up into several pastures not only can you rotate but you may want to sacrifice one pasture as a holding area where they stay during the day in the summer and the night during the winter so they are only grazing on your good pastures half the time. Be creative and watch your horse thrive.

EQUINE RESCUE SEMINAR AND DART DISPLAY

Thirty three first response personnel participated in the equine rescue seminar this year organized by Brynda Read the Equine Rescue Chairman for SFEA. Firemen, Police Officers, Animal Control Officers and Deputy Sheriffs from Millington, Arlington, Milan, TN and Holly Springs MS. learned the ropes about how to handle horses, catch them, get them out of a turned over trailer and what to do in case of a barn fire.

Volunteers included Becky Kitchens, Rick Richardson, Becky Muller, Debra Heaton, Joyce McKibben, Ron and Brynda Read and Ann Frost. Our thanks go out to them for taking the time to assist us in this most important training session. These experienced horse people led the non-horse familiar first responders through the seminar that was taught by Peggy Hart. They showed the first responders the parts of the horse, how to put on a halter and tie a horse safely as well as how to lead. The climax of the hands on training was when the horses were spooked out of their napping mode and into their flight mode as a plastic bag was shaken under and near them. The participants discovered that even a miniature can be a handful when frightened and wanting to get away.

Participants then had to catch loose horses which turned out to be quite a project for the morning session. This was followed by a discussion of how to get a horse out of a trailer that had overturned, and examining different types and configurations of trailers from the plain old two-horse straight load to the four horse slant load with living quarters. Participants then practiced loading and unloading the horses.

The Disaster Animal Rescue Team lead by David Newbill showed the first responders the Shelby County DART trailer provided by Homeland Security funds. This trailer

that can be used in the event of natural disasters or terrorists attacks has a harness for lifting horses, haz-matt materials for epidemic situations such as hoof and mouth disease, an ATV and trailer for rescue in hard to reach areas, slides for pulling incumbent animals to safety and other gear large animal rescuers might need. There is also a portable corral system that will hold many horses or other large animals if needed, such as if a livestock trailer were to turn over.

Our thanks go out especially to the horses that were used and a special thanks goes to Southwind Stables for bringing four of their animals. This is the second year they have supported this class with volunteers and horses.

Watch for next year's seminar, these are the people that will reach your horse first if there is an accident, fire or truck and trailer wreck. You know you want them well trained to help you and your horse, so why not volunteer yourself and/or your horse to train them?



TENNESSEE MASTER HORSE OWNER CLASS

Offered by the University of Tennessee Shelby County Extension Service these classes will take place on July 9th from 5-9 p.m., July 10th from 5-9 p.m. and from July 11th from 8:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m. at the Agricenter International Amphitheater. The cost will be \$125.00 per person. Contact Becky Muller at 901-752-1207 or beckymuller@utk.edu for additional information or questions. Registration through June 25, 2009 or until class is full.

The course curriculum includes Intro to the horse industry, basics of buying a horse, healthcare and vaccination programs for horses, equine dental care, digestive system anatomy and physiology, animal cruelty laws in TN, equine business marketing, horse manure management and much, much more. A total of 31 topics related to horses and their care will be discussed over the course of the three days. Certificates of completion will be handed out at the end of the series.

The Master Horse Owner is class is a 16 hour educational class. The class is from the latest research based information from the University of TN Equine Specialists and Veterinarians. "I have owned a horse for 23 years, and have been exposed to numerous educational talks on horses, and still learned something from this class"--Becky Muller. No where else short of an animal science degree/equine science class is this much detailed information on horses offered. This is the first Master Horse class offered in this area. Be sure to take advantage of this opportunity.

DEHYDRATION AND ELECTROLYTE LOSSES IN THE SPORT HORSE

Reprinted from LongRidersGear.com May, 2009 newsletter.

'You can lead a horse to water but you can't make him drink' is a maxim that has long been used to underscore the apparent stubbornness of the horse. In the heavily exercising, or heat-exhausted horse, however, this refusal to drink has nothing to do with personality or temperament, and everything to do with physiology. In this section, we'll discuss the fluid and electrolyte composition of the normal horse, and the particular requirements of the equine athlete in work.

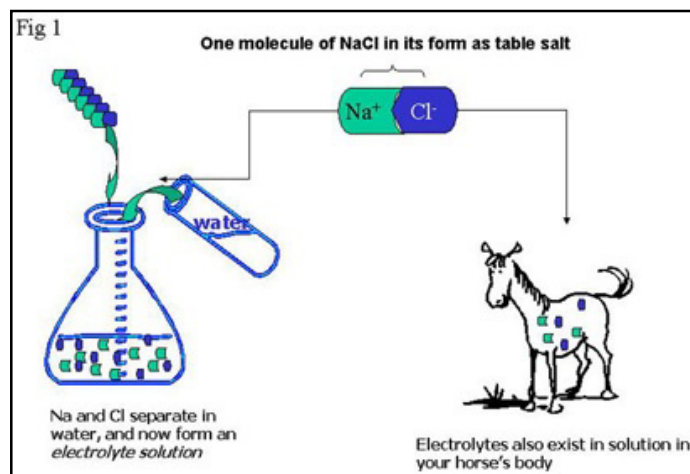
What is dehydration?

Dehydration occurs when your horse's body loses excessive amounts of water. Normally, both you and your horse lose body water on a continual basis, in the form of sweat, urine, and feces. However, on an ordinary basis, you replace these losses without even thinking about it - your body tells you that you are thirsty, and you drink fluids. However, sometimes the losses are too great for the body to keep up with. In the exercising horse, fluid loss occurs in the form of sweat. Early in dehydration, the horse can cope well with the fluid loss. Dehydration is estimated in terms of percentage of body weight that the horse has lost. It is very difficult to detect losses of %5 or less. At this point, the skin may become less elastic, which is seen as skin tenting. If you pull up a loose fold of your horse's skin, it may take a very long time to return to its normal state. As dehydration progresses, the heart rate will rise, because there will be less fluid in the blood vessels, so the heart has to pump the blood around faster to achieve the same effect. Your horse will urinate less frequently, or not at all. Your horse's performance will deteriorate, as the dehydration contributes to exhaustion. Eventually, with severe dehydration, your horse will not longer be able to perform, and may even collapse.

What do I need to know about 'Lytes'?

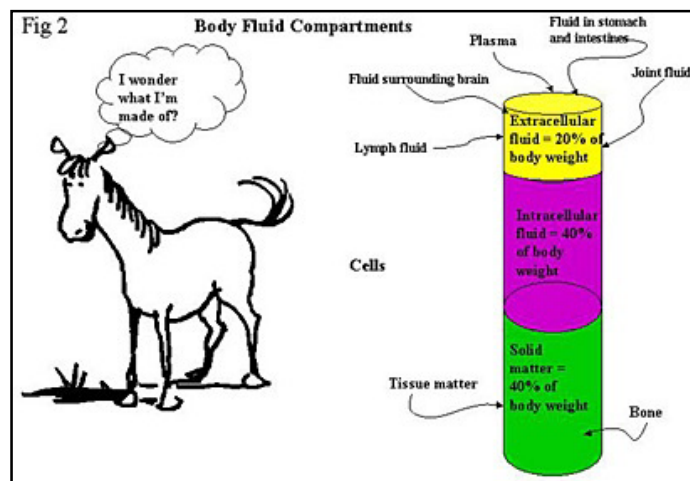
First, what are electrolytes? At the most basic level, electrolytes are salts, such as table salt, that dissociate into separate ions when they are dissolved in water. Electrolytes are integral to nerve and muscle function, as well as to almost every other physiological function in the body. The most important electrolytes include sodium (Na^+), chloride (Cl^-), potassium (K^+), calcium (Ca^{2+}) and magnesium (Mg^{2+}). These electrolytes are distributed throughout the body in a highly ordered way: any disruption of this order can result in severe bodily dysfunction. For example, when the body's electrolyte levels are disturbed, your horse may have heart problems,

his gastrointestinal system may not work properly, his muscles may develop cramps, and he may not even be able to think straight, because his brain may not function normally.



Fluid compartments in the horse

Your horse - or you, or any mammal- is approximately two thirds water. So, for an average-sized, 1000 lb horse, water accounts for 660 lbs of its body mass - which translates into 80 gallons of water! Of that 80 gallons, one third is extracellular (meaning fluid that is outside of the cells of the body, such as the fluid that is found in blood), and two thirds is intracellular (stays inside the cells). The electrolyte composition of the extracellular fluid (ECF) and intracellular fluid (ICF) is very different. The ICF is very high in K^+ , whereas the ECF is very high in Na^+ . We use blood values to estimate whole body electrolyte composition, but they may be quite misleading, because they don't tell us about what is happening with the intracellular fluid.



Water and electrolyte losses in the horse

All athletes lose water as sweat during exercise - it's part of an adaptation for getting rid of excess heat. As the sweat evaporates, your horse's body cools down. This is the primary reason why it is more difficult to exercise in high humidity - the sweat is still generated, but it doesn't evaporate, and thus doesn't cool effectively, so even more sweating is stimulated. It's a vicious cycle when it's too hot and humid. Equine sweat glands are different from human sweat glands, with the result that horses lose more electrolytes during sweating than humans do. Horses lose large amounts of both Na^+ and Cl^- in their sweat, with smaller losses of Ca^{2+} and K^+ . Water losses are high during exercise - up to 10 liters per hour. The rate of water loss will depend on the intensity of exercise as well as the ambient temperature.

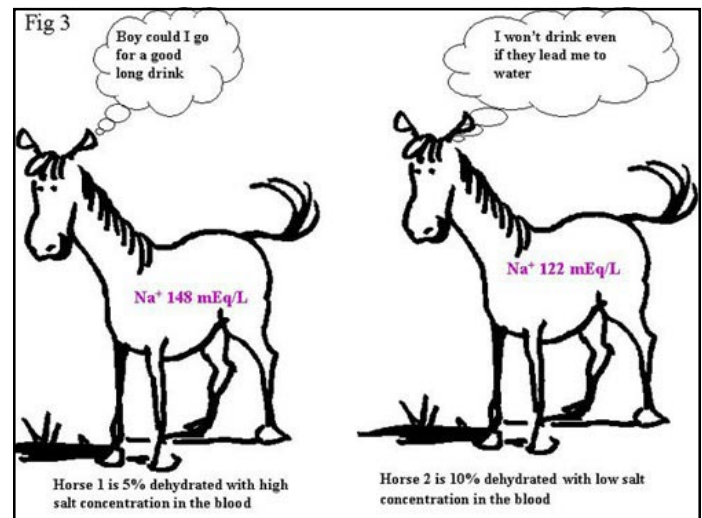
Consequences of water and electrolyte losses

After a challenging cross-country phase, a few chukkers of polo, or an endurance ride, your horse is likely to be quite dehydrated. Losses tend to occur early in the ride, even though your horse may look normal. Signs that you might look for are dry mucous membranes, sunken eyes, fatigue, high heart rate and respiratory rate that don't come down with proper cooling-out measures, or colic. The attending veterinarian will look for signs of dehydration, including weak pulses, delayed filling of the jugular vein (the large vein that runs the length of your horse's neck), skin tenting, and poor capillary refill time (CRT). In order to determine the CRT, your veterinarian will press the horse's gum lightly to cause blanching of the color, and determine how long it will take for the color to return. In the normal horse, this takes no more than 2 seconds. As dehydration proceeds, the horse may eventually collapse. In addition to the dehydration, your horse is also likely to have a whole body loss of electrolytes. Signs of low electrolyte levels may include nervousness, fatigue, muscle tremors, and stiffness. Researchers at Washington State University have recently found out that the body's hormones are still working to recover lost sodium the day after intense exercise - even though the horses showed no outward signs of electrolyte depletion.

So, why won't my horse drink?

Your horse's body gets the signal that it is thirsty when one of two things happens: either the blood volume drops, or the sodium concentration in the extracellular fluid increases - that is, it gets concentrated, or salty. Horses get the thirst signal more slowly than humans. This is because in humans, Na^+ is less concentrated in sweat, so sodium becomes more concentrated in the blood, and the thirst signal goes out quickly. In horses, the sweat glands are very poor at conserving Na^+ so even though the horse has lost a large amount of water and Na^+ , the signal does not go out for the horse to

drink until a serious drop in blood volume occurs due to dehydration. Consequently, even though your horse is clearly dehydrated, when you lead him to water you can't make him drink! He's not stubborn - his body is just not giving him an early enough warning signal.



How much water does my horse need in a day?

- A good rule of thumb is that a horse needs at least a gallon of water per 100 lbs of body weight. For your average horse, this equals 10 gallons a day.
- Water requirements vary greatly according to the weather and the level of work that the horse is doing. For instance, if your horse is exercising in hot, humid weather, he may need 2-4 times the minimum amount.

Getting your horse to drink more

- The first, and most important thing, is to make sure that your horse has continual access to water!
- Horses tend to drink less water in the winter if the water is cold. Studies have shown that horses will drink more water if it is warm or tepid. So, get yourself a water heater, and don't expect your horse to drink the icy cold water!
- Some horses are very picky about 'foreign' water. Tips from experienced competitors include bringing enough water from home, and getting your horse used to drinking flavored water. Many horses enjoy water flavored with apple juice.
- Horses will drink more when it is held up to them after and during competition.
- Try to offer your horse water in a quiet area, where he will not be disturbed by all the action around him.
- One wet-down flake of hay can absorb 1-2 gallons of water. If you feed your horse well-soaked hay, you can make a real impact on his fluid consumption. Endurance riders take advantage of this by feeding horses soaked hay before long rides.

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- Will my horse colic if I let him exercise with a stomach full of water?
- NO! The horse's stomach empties very rapidly in response to a water ingestion, so you really needn't be concerned about colic, or a stomach that is too full.

Can I give my horse too much electrolytes?

- Yes! Electrolytes can actually be toxic in excessive amounts.
- Requirements for salt (NaCl) range from one tenth of a percent of the ingested feed for a broodmare, to three tenths of a percent of the ingested feed for a competition horse.
- The maximum amount of NaCl that a horse can tolerate before it becomes toxic is 3 percent of the ingested feed. It would be unusual for a horse to ingest that much salt, as the food containing it would have an unpleasantly salty taste.
- If you start to give your horse too many electrolytes, you will start to notice that your horse is urinating frequently, and drinking much more water.
- We generally do not recommend adding electrolytes to water. If you do choose to supplement this way, it is VERY important that you also always offer your horse a bucket of water with NO additives. Your horse cannot, and should not, take in enough water with electrolytes to sustain his fluid requirements, and will become dehydrated if you do not give him access to plain water. In general, it is a better idea to supplement electrolytes in the feed, rather than in the water.

How much salt can a horse be given?

- Horses can generally be supplemented from 1-2 ounces of salt per day.
- Most commercial grains contain from 0.5% to 1% added salt, in addition to potassium and calcium. Because horses eat considerably more hay and other forage than grain, the horse's total ingested salt will be less than 1%. This is more than adequate for a pleasure horse, but is usually not enough for heavily exercising horses.
- How much salt does a horse get from a salt block?
- It really depends on whether your horse has a taste for the salt block. Studies have shown that some horses fail to take in even the minimal requirements if they are simply given a salt block.

How can salt be supplemented?

Salt can be supplemented in the form of a salt block (a trace mineral block is best), or as free salt added to the grain. This works best with a grain that has some sort of binding agent, such as molasses.



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SHELBY FARMS EQUESTRIAN ALLIANCE MEMBERSHIP FORM

Mail with your check to: Shelby Farms Equestrian Alliance, PO Box 423, Collierville, TN 38027-0423



Name _____

Address _____

City _____ State _____ Zip _____

Phone Number () _____

e-mail address _____ Add me to the "e list" to receive meeting notices and other important SFEA related information via e-mail

Areas of Interest: ____ Trails ____ Cross Country ____ Dressage ____ Show Place Arena ____ Polo
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I am ____ Amateur/Hobby Rider ____ Equine Professional ____ Veterinarian ____ Equine Related Business
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I ____ own horse(s) ____ do not own horse(s)

Other equine-related organizations I belong to: _____

MEMBERSHIP CATEGORIES:

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Additional Donation \$ _____

Total Amount Enclosed \$ _____

Shelby Farms Equestrian Alliance is a non-profit 501 (c)(3) organization. Your donation may be tax deductible.

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How do I supplement electrolytes?

- If you use commercial preparations, look for one that contains approximately three parts NaCl to one part KCl, as well as calcium and magnesium
- If you would like an inexpensive and effective solution, all you have to do is buy Lite salt (this is just KCl), and ordinary table salt. Mix them at a ratio of three parts table salt to one part Lite salt.
- The amount you give depends on the weather and the horse's level of exercise. In general, horses that are not sweating excessively need 2 ounces per day of this mixture. Horses who are sweating in hot, humid weather need 3- 5 ounces of this mixture.
- In order to ward off electrolyte losses, give your horse approximately 2 ounces of electrolyte supplement a few hours before competition. If the competition will be long (such as an endurance ride), plan to give the same amount every 1/2 hour to 1 hour.
- Don't give your horse dry hay after competition - it will soak up water that the horse needs elsewhere in the body.

How do I treat my horse's fluid and electrolyte losses after competition?

- Horses that have done short, extreme bursts of exercise need to be carefully cooled down, and should be given frequent, small sips of water.
- Horses that have done long, moderate exercise (such as endurance horses), should be allowed to drink water during and immediately after competition.
- Although electrolyte solutions are not the best way to deliver electrolytes on a daily basis, they are appropriate after competition. As a matter of fact, your horse will be much more likely to drink an electrolyte solution during or after competition, rather than before. However, your horse does need water, not just electrolytes.
- Horses that are moderately to severely dehydrated need veterinary attention. The attending veterinarian will treat with intravenous fluids and fluids given with a nasogastric tube.



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UPCOMING EVENTS

Thinking about trying something new? Want to meet other people who enjoy horses? Here is your opportunity to meet and try something new with your horse while meeting people that like to talk horses as much as you do. Take time this year to visit some of the activities of our Member Organizations. We encourage groups to send us their calendar of events for inclusion in our newsletter.

JUNE

- 2-6 Germantown Charity Horse Show Germantown Charity Show Grounds. Poplar Pike
- 10-14 TNHSRA Finals Show Place Arena
- 16 SFEA Monthly Meeting. Contact Rick Richardson, 901-262-4202.
- 20-21 NATRC - Region 5 Competitive Trail Ride. Location is Faye Whittemore Farm, Jasper, AL. Chr: Michelle Goza (205)229-3202 mademae@bellsouth.net For more information on NATRC, go to www.natrc.org

JULY

- 10-12 Delta Dressage Show Place Arena
- 18 Schooling Show Oak View Stables. Contact Rose Marie Lawson 662-895-4544
- 21 SFEA Monthly Meeting. Contact Rick Richardson, 901-262-4202.
- 23-27 West TN QHA Show Place Arena

- 29- Aug 9. International Buckskin Horse Association Show Place Arena

AUGUST

- 8 Schooling Show Oak View Stables. Contact Rose Marie Lawson 662-895-4544
- 17 SFEA Monthly Meeting. Contact Rick Richardson, 901-262-4202.

SEPTEMBER

- 12 Schooling Show Hunter's Edge. Contact Beanie Cone 901-831-3890 or barn 759-0450
- 15 SFEA Monthly Meeting. Contact Rick Richardson, 901-262-4202.

OCTOBER

- 10 Schooling Show Oak View Stables. Contact Rose Marie Lawson 662-895-4544
- 20 SFEA Monthly Meeting. Contact Rick Richardson, 901-262-4202.
- 30 Awards Party Oak View Stables. Contact Rose Marie Lawson 662-895-4544